

LOCALITY	SERVICE AREA	SIZE OF SECTOR/CHALLENGES /ASPIRATIONS FOR SERVICE USERS
<p><b><u>SOUTH WEST</u></b></p> <p><i>Wards:</i>  Pentland Hills; Sighthill / Gorgie;  Fountainbridge / Craiglockhart;  Colinton / Fairmilehead</p> <p><b>NEIGHBOURHOOD PARTNERSHIPS (2)</b></p> <p>South West NP  Pentlands NP</p> <p>VSF</p> <p>SW and Pentlands</p>	<p><b>Total population: 109,245</b></p> <p><b>Age: 0-15: 17,381</b></p> <p><b>Age: 65+ : 15,310</b></p>	<p>Smallest 16+ population: 94,093</p> <p><b><u>Health</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Relatively low proportion of residents with long term health problems that limit day to day activities</li> <li>• Highest percentage of residents economically inactive due to limiting long term illness (15%)</li> <li>• Relatively high rates of women with dementia, but low concentration among men</li> </ul> <p><b><u>Health and Social Care</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Highest proportion of Health and Social care open cases in under 24 year age group</li> <li>• Low take up of direct payments.</li> <li>• Lowest concentration of people providing unpaid care</li> <li>• Highest concentration of people who cycle to work</li> </ul> <p><b><u>General</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Most like Edinburgh as a whole</li> <li>• Most deprived individual ward (Sighthill / Gorgie)</li> <li>• High proportion of council tenants</li> <li>• Lower than average proportion of social renters</li> <li>• Most deprived single ward (Sighthill / Gorgie)</li> <li>• Significant levels of localised income inequality</li> <li>• High proportion of economic inactivity due to long term limiting illness</li> </ul>
<p><b><u>SOUTH EAST/CENTRAL</u></b></p> <p><i>Wards:</i>  City Centre; Liberton / Gilmerton; Southside / Newington;  Meadows / Morningside</p>	<p><b>Total population: 124,930</b></p> <p><b>Age 0-15: 15,745</b></p> <p><b>Age: 65+ : 16,024</b></p>	<p>Second largest population: 126,148</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Largest proportion of persons aged 16 – 24 (40.3%) (students)</li> <li>• Highest concentration of people aged 85+</li> </ul> <p><b><u>Health</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The only locality showing an increase (albeit small) in stroke-related mortality</li> <li>• Sharper decline in under 75 year old mortality rates than other localities</li> </ul> <p><b><u>Health and Social Care</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Highest number of individuals in care homes (based on the person’s original home address)</li> <li>• Lowest rate of unpaid carers provide 50+ hours per week (19.3%)</li> </ul>

<p><b>NEIGHBOURHOOD PARTNERSHIPS (3)</b></p> <p>City Centre NP South Central NP Liberton/Gilmerton NP</p> <p><b>VSF</b> South Edinburgh VSF</p> <p>City Centre VSF</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Highest number of people with Mental Health problems</li> </ul> <p><b>Other</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Largest percentage of households on low incomes (23.5%)</li> <li>• Low level of economic activity (57.5%)</li> <li>• Highest percentage of students (20.9%)</li> <li>• Lowest percentage of retired people (9.6%)</li> </ul> <p><b>General</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• More than half of the city's students</li> <li>• Student numbers distort all indicators</li> <li>• Highest private-rented</li> <li>• Low levels of social housing</li> <li>• Most happy with Edinburgh</li> <li>• Maintenance of the City Centre key for the city and the Council's reputation</li> <li>• Pockets of deprivation difficult to detect or address</li> <li>• Continued growth in private rental may effect community cohesion</li> </ul>
<p><b><u>NORTH WEST</u></b></p> <p><b>Wards:</b> <i>Almond; Drum Brae / Gyle; Corstorphine / Murrayfield; Inverleith; Forth</i></p> <p><b>NEIGHBOURHOOD PARTNERSHIPS (4)</b></p> <p>Almond NP Western Edinburgh NP</p>	<p><b>Total population:</b> <b>134,527</b> <b>Age 0-15: 23,891</b> <b>Age 65+ : 23,077</b></p>	<p>Largest population size: 138,995</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• One-third (33.2%) of Edinburgh's child population aged 0-15</li> <li>• A third of the city's population aged 85+</li> </ul> <p><b>Health</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Largest number of hospital admissions due to falls</li> <li>• Highest spend on health (directly related to the size of the area)</li> <li>• Highest number of people (36,591) with one or more health conditions</li> </ul> <p><b>Health and Social Care</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Highest number of individuals supported by Health and Social Care</li> <li>• Lowest rate of new legal orders (mental health, adult protection etc) granted</li> <li>• Highest proportion of unpaid carers (15.5%)</li> </ul> <p><b>Other</b></p> <p><b><u>Diverse, containing the wards with:</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the highest (27%) and lowest (17%) percentage of households on low income in the city</li> </ul>

<p>Forth NP Inverleith NP</p> <p><u>VSFs</u></p> <p>Almond &amp; Western VSF Forth &amp; Inverleith VSF</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the highest and lowest employment rate</li> <li>• Lowest percentage of people living alone (35.7%)</li> <li>• Highest percentage of retired people (14.2%)</li> </ul> <p><u>General</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Larger housing, mature families</li> <li>• Fewer 16-24 year olds</li> <li>• High proportion of empty nesters</li> <li>• Generally affluent, except for Forth ward</li> <li>• Least happy with Edinburgh</li> <li>• Largest projected growth to 2024</li> <li>• Additional pressure on primary and secondary schools</li> </ul> <p>Digital literacy, especially for older people in Forth ward</p>
<p><u>NORTH EAST</u></p> <p><b>Wards:</b> <i>Leith; Leith Walk; Craigentenny / Duddingston; Portobello / Craigmillar</i></p> <p><b>NEIGHBOURHOOD PARTNERSHIPS (3)</b></p> <p>Leith NP</p> <p>Craigentenny and Duddingston NP</p>	<p><b>Total Population:</b> <b>107,924</b></p> <p><b>Age 0-15 : 15,185</b></p> <p><b>Age 65+ : 14,076</b></p>	<p>Smallest population size:110,550</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Almost half of population is aged 25 to 49</li> <li>• Largest number of households from a minority ethnic background</li> </ul> <p><u>Health</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Highest percentage of people with long term health problems that limit day-to-day activity (8%)</li> <li>• Highest mortality rate</li> <li>• Largest number of unplanned inpatient admissions</li> </ul> <p><u>Health and Social Care</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Highest rate per 1,000 population (16+) for people being assessed or supported by Health and Social Care</li> <li>• Highest proportion of people supported who are under age 75 years</li> <li>• Highest number of people supported who have learning disabilities, physical disabilities and addictions</li> <li>• Highest average size of packages of care (hours per week)</li> </ul>

<p>Craigmillar and Portobello NP</p> <p><b>VSFs</b></p> <p>VOLT (Leith) Craigmillar &amp; Portobello VSF</p>		<p><b><u>Other</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Highest level of economic activity and employment (68.6%)</li> <li>• Highest percentage of people living alone (43.8%)</li> <li>• Highest proportion of intensive unpaid care</li> </ul> <p><b><u>General</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Higher rates of deprivation, crime, unemployment, disability / illness</li> <li>• Lower levels of education</li> <li>• Smaller households, Leith and Leith Walk</li> <li>• More social rented, Leith</li> <li>• Leith Walk most diverse ward in city</li> </ul> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Second largest projected growth to 2024</li> <li>• Highest ratings for broad range of social problems</li> <li>• High renting / low owning mean private property maintenance will be challenging</li> <li>• Regeneration will impact Leith Walk</li> </ul>
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## Four Sector Model Aligned to Neighbourhood Partnership Areas

